

# Causal AI for web and healthcare

## Utkarshani Jaimini\*, Usha Lokala\*, Kaushik Roy, Amit Sheth

Artificial Intelligence Institute, University of South Carolina, USA {ujaimini, nlokala, kaushikr}@email.sc.edu, {amit}@sc.edu. \*denotes equal contribution. #causality, #causalAI, #CausalKG, #explainability, #web, #healthcare



## Team



Utkarshani Jaimini Ph.D. Student

Artificial Intelligence Institute, University of South Carolina



Usha Lokala Ph.D. Student Artificial Intelligence Institute, University of South Carolina



Kaushik Roy Ph.D. Student

Artificial Intelligence Institute, University of South Carolina



Amit Sheth Director

Artificial Intelligence Institute, University of South Carolina



## **Tutorial Highlights**

### Why statistical AI alone is not enough

Causal AI and causal knowledge graph as a step towards neuro-symbolic AI?

Can ontologies be used as inference for causal explanations?

Can causal AI enable intervention planning and policy decisions making?

Can causal inference serve as a bridge between prediction and decision making?

Causal models as solution to traditional ML for generalizing new domains?

## Table of Content

- A primer to causality
- CausalKG: Causal knowledge graph
- Ontology and knowledge based inferences for causal explanations
- Application of causal AI in web and healthcare use cases



## Causal Primer: Ladder of Causation

Future Hybrid Al		3. COUNTERFACTUALS, P(yx   x', y')   ACTIVITY:   Imagining, Retrospection, Understanding   QUESTIONS: What if I had done? What if I had acted differently? Was it X that caused Y? What if X had not occurred?
		2. INTERVENTION, P(y   do(x), z)   ACTIVITY: Doing, Intervening   QUESTIONS: What if I do? What if I do X? What would Y be if I do X?
Current Al Approach Association based on the observational data	SEEING	1. ASSOCIATION, P(y   x)   ACTIVITY: Seeing, Observing   QUESTIONS: What if I see? How would seeing X change my belief in Y?
	VIEW	Figure: Judea Pearl's Ladder of Causation



Current Al Approach

**Future Hybrid AI Approach** 

## Ontology and Knowledge based inference for Causal Explanation

I am a 35-year-old F who had open-heart surgery to replace an aortic valve. Diagnosed with UTI when pregnant. experienced severe fatigue and trembling for two years stressing about it. have flashbacks about certain events in the hospital that is affecting me now.

**Reddit Post/Comment** 

35-year-old а am <Woman> who had open-heart surgery to replace an aortic valve. Diagnosed with UTI when < Woman>. I experienced severe <Anxietv> and <Anxiety> for two vears stressing about it. have <PTSD> about certain events in the hospital that is affecting me now

Knowledge Aware Entity Masking



Description: Fatigue Equivalent To SubClass of Anxiety\_Disorders Central class axioms SubClass of (Anonymous Ancestor) Instances Target for Key Target for Key Disjoint With Disjoint Wit

TASK: Explain Gender and Mental Health Prediction?

(Q): How is the Post expressing depression, anxiety or PTSD, if so Can we find the gender language?

(A): Concepts fatigue, trembling relate to Anxiety. Concepts 'F' and Pregnant relates to Woman.

# Ontology and Knowledge based annotations for Complex Causal Extraction



Ontology as inference for analyzing web-based data and use the extracted wisdom to inform public health surveillance as insights and actionable items.



I was sent home with 5 x 2 mg Suboxones. I also got a bunch of phenobarbital (I took all 180 mg and it <u>didn't do</u> <u>shit</u> except make me a <u>walking zombie</u> for <u>2 days</u>). I waited <u>24 hours after</u> my last <u>2 mg dose of Suboxone</u> and tried <u>injecting 4 mg of the <u>bupe. It gave me a bad headache</u>, for hours</u>, and I almost <u>vomited</u>. I could <u>feel</u> the <u>bupe</u> working but overall the <u>experience sucked</u>.

Of course, junkie that I am, I decided to repeat the experiment. <u>Today, after</u> waiting <u>48 hours after</u> my last bunk 4 mg injection, I injected 2 mg. There wasn't really any <u>rush</u> to speak of, but <u>after 5 minutes</u> I started to <u>feel pretty</u> <u>damn good</u>. So I <u>injected</u> another 1 mg. That was about <u>half an hour ago</u>. I feel great now.

#### DIVERSE DATA TYPES

ENTITIES		
DOSAGE	PRONOUN	
INTERVAL	Route of Admin.	
RELATIONSHIPS	SENTIMENTS	

#### Triples

Codes	Triples (subject-predicate-object)
Suboxone used by injection, negative experience	Suboxone injection-causes-Cephalalgia
Suboxone used by injection, amount	Suboxone injection-dosage amount-2mg
Suboxone used by injection, positive experience	Suboxone injection-has_side_effect-Euphoria

# Application in Web & Health- Suicidality Context Identification



# Application in Web & Health- Suicidality Intervention Planning using Social Media



**Eg**: Suicidality Intervention using Graph Context

**Challenges** - Explainable and safety constrained reasoning over medically valid concepts

**NSAI** - Leverage patterns in the data to ground symbols in tree paths for use by the planner to plan intervention strategy (search).

**KiNSAI** - It is crucial to utilize standardize medical concepts as tree variables and the branching structure accepted by the medical community.

### Takeaways

### Statistical AI alone is not enough

### **Causal AI can be used for generating explanations**

Causal AI can be used for complex causal pattern extraction

Causal AI can be used for causal entity associations

Causal AI can be used for intervention planning using web data in the application area of epidemiology, mental health, as examples

# Thank You